

# I've Learned How Shaving May Be Made Pleasant by ACPenn



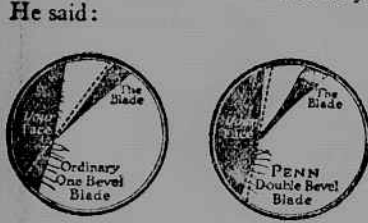
ALWAYS, I had had shaving troubles—face dry, sore after shaving. Yet all my business life has been spent in the cutlery trade, dealing in razors daily. I had shaved with all kinds of razors, but I was watching constantly for a razor that made shaving actually pleasant.

I searched 22 years. Then I found my razor—in Europe.

"Most men who shave suffer from the same cause," an old razor-smith told me, "because razor blades, with this exception, are about all alike."

"This exception" was an ordinary—appearing hand-ground razor, which he took from his case.

I shaved with it next day. He was right. It was different. It shaved sensationless. And my face felt better after shaving than before—smooth, cool, pleasant. I went back and asked him why. He said:



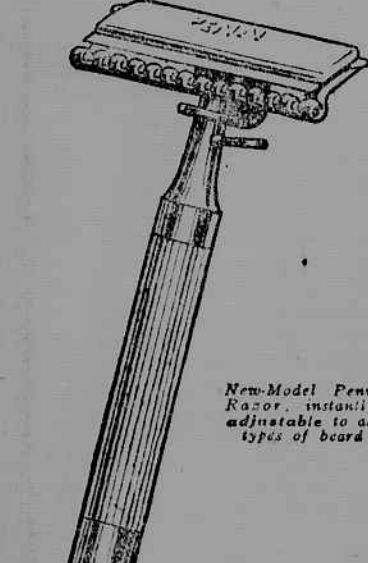
Comparison showing the reason why the Penn Double-Bevel Blade does not dig into the skin

"This razor has two bevels, instead of but one.

"This second bevel, tiny, close to the edge, guides the edge straight along the skin. It can't scrape. The ordinary, single-bevel blade cuts down—flecks off tiny bits of the top skin as it shaves.

"That's why the single-bevel blade leaves the face sore and smarting."

I had found my shaving edge—and the edge millions of American men would prefer—if it could be adapted to the safety-razor blade.



# Penn Razor

With the Double Bevel Blades

This I have done, in the Penn Double-Bevel Blade and Penn Adjustable Razor. And I will guarantee the man who tries this combination, the pleasantest shaves he ever had.

The Penn Adjustable Razor, with ten Double-Bevel Blades, in leather box, costs \$5. Complete Shaving Sets are \$7.50 and \$10. Penn Double-Bevel Blades fit all models of Penn Razors.

For sale by Hardware, Cutlery, Drug, Sporting-Goods, and Department Stores. Get one from your dealer.

A. C. PENN, INC.  
Singer Bldg., New York, N. Y.  
Newark, N. J.

# Spalato Roused By Arrival of Italian Warship

## Destroyer From Squadron of Admiral Friendly to d'Annunzio With High Officer on Board in Port

### London Hears of Truce Agreement Reached Between Soldier-Poet and Rome After Parley, Is Report

BELGRADE, Dec. 9.—Dispatches from Spalato to-day report the arrival there of the Italian destroyer Irre-quiete, belonging to the squadron of Admiral Millo, which had sided with Gabriele d'Annunzio. The citizens of Spalato, say the messages, are greatly excited, as the destroyer has on board a superior officer known to have close relations with d'Annunzio.

LONDON, Dec. 9.—Reports that the Italian government had arrived at an agreement with Gabriele d'Annunzio regarding the question of Fiume, which city d'Annunzio has been holding, was and should remain Italian, were received to-day in an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Rome. The agency says it understands, in connection with the Ministerial Council held in Rome yesterday, that a settlement with d'Annunzio was reached.

Dispatches from Rome, filed on Sunday, announced the arrival there of Major Giurini, chief of d'Annunzio's cabinet, accompanied by Commander Rizzo, of the d'Annunzio naval forces. It was reported they came from Fiume as bearers of suggestions by the poet-soldier for a solution of the question of Fiume and that of Zadar. Information port recently seized by d'Annunzio's troops. It was rumored in Rome that d'Annunzio's funds were at low ebb and that the situation had become embarrassing for him.

# Hour Is Difficult, but Italy Is Safe, Says Nitti

ROME, Dec. 9 (By The Associated Press).—Premier Nitti, speaking before the Senate yesterday, made special reference to the statement he gave recently to The Associated Press on the Italian situation, in which he called upon the American people as friends of Italy not to oppose Italy's righteous claims in the Adriatic.

"I told the bare truth to the American press," he declared, "in saying that Italy made war in spiritual conditions different from those of every other country in Europe. We entered the war for high sentiment, human justice, and also for the defense of great national ideals."

The Premier began by expressing the conviction that the institutions of Italy were solid and strong, but it was none the less true, he said, that the present hour was extremely difficult for all nations. It was indispensable for the reconstruction of the country to forget all discords and unite in a program of activity. All must hold fast and give a sense of strength and solidarity, for if the smallest fraction of the Italian race was separated from the mother country the war had been lost.

Labor Unrest Minimized

"It is an exaggeration to consider Italy in an almost desperate condition," he continued. "Despite grave difficulties in some of the Italian cities, we are not in a position which has commenced work again. Strikes and disorders exist in all countries of Europe, and also in America, which was least injured by the war. We must be calm and serene."

He deplored abstention from the elections, observing that the classes must defend themselves and not expect to be defended by carabinieri and the courts. He concluded:

"On the eve of a most important financial operation I declare that our financial condition is one of the most solid in Europe. I am firm, convinced that for years Italy will be able to fortify her national economy. Why should not Italy transform herself industrially? Why should not Italian workmen successfully surmount the present difficulties?"

"It is essential that our word be the word of confidence; that we should have neither weakness nor want of faith."

Premier Nitti was greeted with an ovation, and the reply to the speech from the throne was unanimously approved.

# Clemenceau to Confer With Lloyd George Soon

PARIS, Dec. 9.—Premier Clemenceau will go to London to-morrow night to confer with Premier Lloyd George on serious questions of the present hour, according to several newspapers this morning.

M. Clemenceau, while in London, also will confer with Vittorio Scialoja, the Italian Minister of Foreign Affairs, who at present is in the English capital. It is reported that M. Clemenceau will remain in London for three days.

ROME, Dec. 9.—Premier Nitti is about to ask the Senate for a prompt solution of the Adriatic question, which Premier Lloyd George and Foreign Minister Scialoja are discussing in London, according to the "Journal Italia," which says the resolution was made up at to-day's meeting of the Council of Ministers.

The Socialist Parliamentary group has decided to present in the Chamber of Deputies a motion regulating relations between Italy and Russia and granting recognition to the Soviet government. There are indications that the Socialists will attempt to bring about a constituent assembly in an effort to change the constitution.

German Who Put 29 To Death Is Acquitted

Evidence Shows Marloh Reluctantly Obeyed Orders to Shoot Spartacans

Major General Reinhardt, former Prussian Minister of War.

According to the charges under which Lieutenant Marloh was held, he is alleged to have been the officer who ordered thirty members of the radical "People's Naval Division" shot down in a Berlin courtyard last March without any semblance of a trial.

It is said that Major General Reinhardt, then a colonel, ordered that members of the division be mustered, ostensibly to receive their pay, but in reality to be "truthlessly" dealt with.

When 150 men appeared, Lieutenant Marloh became uneasy, as the story says, but finally, after repeated commands from his chief, had thirty of the men lined up against a wall and shot. All except one were killed.

# C. W. Morse Named in \$203,600 Fraud Plan

Milton C. Quimby and Charles W. Morse are charged with conspiracy to induce Magnus Eriksson, former president of the Scandinavian-American Shipping Corporation, to misappropriate funds amounting to \$203,600 and turn them over to Morse in an action which became public in the Supreme Court yesterday. There Quimby brought suit against the shipping corporation to recover \$4,342,800, which he says is due him in commissions on ships purchased for the concern.

In an answer filed by the Scandinavian-American Shipping Corporation this indebtedness is denied. This answer goes on to charge that Quimby introduced Eriksson to Morse and promised to put him in the way, through Morse, of purchasing vessels for certain Norwegian interests. To this end Eriksson had been entrusted, it is alleged, with a fund of \$203,600.

It is alleged that on this representation the then president of the corporation paid \$60,000 and later \$60,000 more on the pretence that this would protect the contracts. Later, it is alleged, Eriksson was told that the Swedish-American Corporation was about to take over the contracts and would pay \$13,000,000 as a first instalment.

On these grounds, it is charged, Morse induced Eriksson to give him checks to tide over the interval, and filled these out for large amounts, bringing the total up to \$203,600.

# German 'Red' Socialists Declare for Soviet Rule

New York Tribune Special Cable Service (Copyright, 1919, New York Tribune Inc.)

BERLIN, Nov. 8.—The national convention of the Independent Socialists, which opened in Leipzig, has taken action which defies the recent efforts for a reunion of the two Socialist parties. The convention is dominated by the radical element, which is outspoken in opposition to reunion.

Resolutions unanimously adopted declare for the Soviet system and a dictatorship by the proletariat. The demand "action by the masses," but condemn action by single groups.

This declaration, with the absence of any statement favoring the democratic principle of majority rule, is interpreted by "Vorwaerts" as a declaration excluding all prospect of common action between the two Socialist parties.

# Anti-Jewish Demonstration

BUDAPEST, Dec. 9.—At the conclusion of a meeting of the Anti-Jewish party yesterday, at which resolutions were passed demanding a continuance of the internment of Jewish communists, the segregation of Jewish residences for the purpose of helping pay for the war, and other anti-Jewish measures, a vast crowd rushed to the offices of the newspapers "Nepven" and "Azse." The machinery and furniture were demolished, the crowd shouting: "We must rid ourselves of the Jewish press!"

The police used blank charges and succeeded in dispersing the mob. One person was shot during the disorder and forty-two arrests were made.

# Allies to Seize Turk Reserve Gold in Berlin

## Supreme Council Orders Funds Be Transferred to Paris; Agrees on Plans to Divide German Ships

### Hungary Premier Replies Rumania Now Expected to Sign Treaties With Both Austrians and Bulgarians

PARIS, Dec. 9.—The Supreme Council decided to-day the principles on which light German warships will be divided among the smaller powers for coast defense purposes. The council approved the report of naval experts concerning the allotment of material resulting from demolition of the German fleet. The destruction of the German fleet will be carried out by the powers to which they are allotted, but the time for their destruction will be prolonged.

The council decided that Turkey's gold reserves now in Berlin shall be transferred to Paris.

Hungarian Premier Replies

The council has received telegrams from Karl Huszar, the Hungarian Premier, replying to its invitation to send plenipotentiaries to Paris in connection with the peace treaty with Hungary. Premier Huszar, however, does not reply directly to the questions of the council, his answer dealing with them in summarized form.

Rumania is expected to become a party of the peace treaties with Austria and Bulgaria at once. Her plenipotentiaries, it is stated, will sign the treaty in connection with the Austrian pact providing for the protection of racial minorities and will attach their signature to the Bulgarian treaty.

Summary of Protocol Notes

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—The State Department to-day made public the text of the Supreme Council's notes dealing with the peace treaty with Hungary, delivered at Paris yesterday to Baron von Lersner, head of the German delegation, and a summary of which was contained in press dispatches last night from Paris.

In denying the German demands for modification of the treaty on the surrender of Germans charged with crimes against international warfare and the return of prisoners in compensation for the absence of American delegations on the commissions until the ratification of the treaty by the United States, the council in its first note warned Germany for the "last time" that until the treaty came into force a denunciation of the armistice would be sufficient for the Allies to have recourse to military measures against Germany.

"The suggestion," said the note, "concerning an alleged right of Germany to request (in compensation for the absence of American delegations on the commission until the ratification of the treaty by the United States) a modification of the clauses of the treaty concerning the delivery of the guilty and the return of the prisoners of war has no basis. Under the terms of the final clauses of the treaty that instrument must enter into force as soon as Germany and three of the Allied and associated powers have ratified it. It would be in vain for Germany to endeavor to subordinate the entry into force to a new condition—the presence of American delegates on the commissions."

"The Supreme Council is of the opinion that Article 221 of the peace treaty (relative to the return of prisoners of war) is perfectly explicit and needs no addition."

Scapa Flow Modification

"The council considers only the objections presented to the demand for compensation for the destruction of the German fleet at Scapa Flow and to the provision of eventual measures of military action formulated by the Allied note of November 1."

"Before making their demand the Allied and associated powers examined this question. They do not share the apprehensions of the German government as regards the economic effect upon the German ports. They maintain the protocol as it has been drafted. After having received the general report on all floating docks, floating cranes, tugs and dredges demanded by the protocol, the Allied and associated powers will make known their choice, taking into account the general economic situation of German ports. Then if the German government can show that any of the said demands is of a nature seriously to prejudice the capacity of the German ports to maintain the requirements for the maintenance of inland navigation or to other vital interests of economic nature of the same kind, the German government may present claims to the principal Allied and associated powers, who, on their side, will be ready to examine them in a spirit of equity after hearing the reparations commission."

"As regards the last paragraph of the protocol of November 1, the Supreme Council is of the opinion that the signing of the protocol and deposit of ratifications will determine the coming into force of the treaty and consequently the state of peace."

The second note dealt with the destruction of the German fleet at Scapa Flow. It recalls that in an earlier note Germany had observed that the admiral in charge of the fleet had in no way "the intention of violating the obligations that the German government had assumed in the treaty."

"Under the conditions," said the note, "the principal Allied and associated powers consider that the German government cannot repudiate to-day, the responsibility incumbent upon it or seek through arbitration a solution of their claims."

"Consequently, the principal Allied and associated powers request the German government, in conformity with the note of November 1, to sign without further delay the protocol, thereby making it possible to effect the exchange of ratifications and the putting into force of the peace treaty and thus by the return to normal life appease the sufferings of the nations."

# New Kolchak Rule Pledges Fight On Bolsheviks to End

## Party Lines Almost Vanish in Reorganization; General House Cleaning of Pacifists Is Planned

IRKUTSK, Siberia, Dec. 5 (By The Associated Press).—Bolshevism will be fought a battle to the death by the new All-Russian government formed by Admiral Kolchak, under the Premiership of V. Pepeliayev, according to statements made by S. N. Tretyakov, Vice-Premier and Acting Minister of Foreign Affairs, to The Associated Press to-day. Departments having internal affairs under the supervision are no less employed in preparations for this struggle than are those in whose hands are the foreign relations of the government.

Party lines have almost vanished in the assembling of the present government. P. Bourishkine, Minister of Finance, does not consider himself a member of any political organization; Premier Pepeliayev was formerly a Constitutional Democrat, and L. Schumilov, Minister of Labor, was at one time a Social Revolutionary of the Right. To that extent the new Cabinet may be considered as a coalition, being similar to the one it succeeded.

There is no sympathy with the tendency on the part of the Social Revolutionists to compromise with the Bolsheviks, there being unalterable opposition to such a step. Ministers show a disposition to profit by the mistakes of the former Cabinet, which while it had the best intentions and was in reality a democratic body, permitted undemocratic influences to direct affairs, according to M. Tretyakov.

"As a correction of this evil," he said, "the new policy which has been adopted contemplates a general house-cleaning." Friendly relations with the United States were bespoken by the minister.

# Townley Delays Session Of Nonpartisan League

ST. PAUL, Dec. 9.—Not seeing Governor Lynn Frazier or G. C. Townley in the gathering before him, the chairman of the national committee of the Nonpartisan League decided not to drop the game to-day for the committee's annual session, and the meeting was postponed until the North Dakota committee arrive.

Unusual activity in Nonpartisan League circles recently has occupied the entire attention of many of the leaders. Governor Frazier has been advancing his doctrine throughout the East, and now is attending a conference of the National Equity movement in St. Louis. Mr. Townley has been present at the special session of the North Dakota Legislature, while other members of the league have been attending the National Equity movement at Madison, Wis. The special legislative session is scheduled to adjourn to-day or to-morrow.

Delegates from twelve other states in which the league has been organized have arrived here, and it is expected that the committee will be convened to-morrow or Thursday.

Reports that Mr. Townley will resign as president of the league are declared to be without foundation, although it is hinted steps will be taken to democratize the organization with a view toward giving individual members a larger voice in its affairs.

# Canada's Army Total Mystery

OTTAWA, Dec. 9.—The exact number of Canadians who served in France during the war may never be known, it was learned to-day. In checking the records in the Canadian Department of Militia for the official history of the war four officers and twenty men, after several months' work, have been unable to make totals balance.

# Denikine Claims Victory; 'Reds' Also Are Sanguine

LONDON, Dec. 9.—An official statement issued by General Denikine reports fierce fighting in the Kamyshin, Kursk, Kiev and Tsarytsin regions. The fighting, the statement claims, generally was favorable to Denikine's troops, which captured 1,200 prisoners at Tsarytsin December 4.

The Bolshevik statement on operations, received from Moscow to-day, also reports successes on the Don front and on the Persian border, where, after severe fighting, the "Reds" occupied Kazandzhik, taking 1,500 prisoners and much booty.

A further Bolshevik communication admits the abandonment of Berdichev, southwest of Kiev, but declares the "Reds" have started another offensive, as a result of which heavy street fighting is proceeding in Berdichev. Another message says the Bolsheviks have occupied Buzhorod, seventy-three miles south of Kursk.

# Baker Expected to Spend Two Days in Porto Rico

SAN JUAN, P. R., Dec. 8.—Governor Yager to-day received a wireless message from Secretary of War Baker, who is on his way from Panama to New York, in which the Secretary said he would stop at San Juan to-morrow. The message announced that Secretary Baker planned a two days' visit to Porto Rico.

# Telephone Brackets

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# "Red Light" in Camden Doused in 5 Hours

CAMDEN, N. J., Dec. 9.—Camden's "red light district" was wiped off the city map to-day without the sounding of a police patrol gong or the making of a single arrest.

Prosecutor Wolverton summoned a score of real estate men to his office and notified them they had two hours to empty of disorderly characters all houses under their control. They asked more time and he added three hours.

Mr. Wolverton invoked for the first time in New Jersey a law passed by the last Legislature that permits the closing for whatever use of any house in which commercialized vice was carried on. The owner loses the rental, taxes go on.

As there are no vacant houses in Camden, the occupants of these resorts were obliged to put their household goods in storage or go to the homes of friends.

A conference of the real estate men was held late in the afternoon. Some of them urged an injunction against the prosecutor, but this was voted down. One hundred houses were vacated.

# Warning to Barbers and Manufacturers

Vincent Ianne, a barber, of 4 Delancey St., New York, was just sentenced to 20 days for refilling ED. PINAUD'S Eau de Quinine Hair Tonic bottles.

John J. Sparler, Treasurer of the Blue Cross Barber Supply Co., 484 E. Tremont Ave., New York, was just sentenced to 60 days for making and selling an imitation of ED. PINAUD'S Eau de Quinine Hair Tonic.

On Nov. 14, 1919, Vincent Ianne was tried in the Court of Special Sessions for violating the law in refilling our bottles. He pleaded guilty and was sentenced to 20 days' imprisonment by Judges Kernochan, Herbert and Salmon.

We will prosecute every barber who refills our bottles, and publish this notice so that honest barbers will know that we are protecting them. Barbers who defraud the public by refilling our bottles will take warning to cease their criminal practice, or they will be severely dealt with.

Our friends in the Barber Supply Trade will be glad to learn of the conviction of John J. Sparler, treasurer of the Blue Cross Barber Supply Co., for manufacturing and selling an Eau de Quinine in imitation of ED. PINAUD'S Hair Tonic.

Sparler contested this case before Judges Edwards, Herman and Voorhees in the Court of Special Sessions, and was found guilty and sentenced to 60 days' imprisonment.

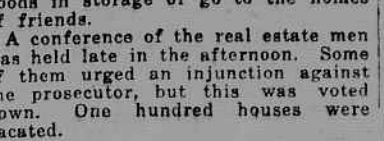
We will be glad to receive information regarding any imitation of our goods or infringement of our labels, as we will protect the trade and ourselves by bringing an immediate legal action in all such cases.

We intend to stop all refilling of our bottles and all imitating of our packages, by recourse to the law, which gives us ample protection. We have prosecuted many cases and have not lost a single verdict.

# Catholics to Erect \$5,000,000 Washington Memorial Church

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—Plans for the erection of a \$5,000,000 church on the grounds here of the Catholic University early next spring as a memorial to Catholics who gave their lives in the war were approved by the board of trustees of the university.

Cardinal Gibbons, president of the board, presided at the meeting.



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## "The Longer You Play It The Sweeter It Grows"

Regular Models, \$85 to \$365  
Console Art Models, \$325 to \$600

# The CHENEY

NO other phonograph has tones to rival The Cheney—for The Cheney utilizes acoustic principles never before applied to tone reproduction.

It reaches new heights in tonal beauty, establishes a new standard in the art of reproducing music. A full page of type could scarcely tell you the whole story. Let us play The Cheney for you for five minutes and you will appreciate its wonderful improvement in tone. To be sure, it would be timely to choose an instrument now and set it aside for Christmas. But we shall not urge you. We only ask opportunity to play for you.

THE CHENEY REPRODUCER  
A diaphragm unusually sensitive gives The Cheney perfect articulation and searches out hidden beauties in records. Concentric surfaces focus vibrations and keep them under perfect control. Harmonic interference or "blat" is eliminated.

X-Ray view of The Cheney which shows the whole series of epoch-making inventions within the instrument. Reproducer indicated in black.

# JOHN WANAMAKER